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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/632,017	07/31/2003	Olaf Abels	71084	9343
75	90 07/15/2004		EXAM	INER
McGLEW AND TUTTLE			GARCIA, ERNESTO	
John James McGlew Scaborough Station			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Scarborough, N	IY 10510-0827		3679	
			DATE MAILED: 07/15/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/632,017	ABELS ET AL.
emoc Action Gummary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Ernesto Garcia	3679
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	m appears on the cover sheet w	vitn the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on.  i, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI statute. Cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  rty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
Status		
1) Posponsivo to communication (a) filed as	00 4	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⋉		
	This action is non-final.	
7.555	iowance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un	idei <i>Ex parie Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.E	Э. ТТ, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application	ation.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) 2-4,6-8,11,13,10	6,18,19,21 and 22 is/are withdr	rawn from consideration
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) <u>1,5,9,10,12,14,17,20 and 23-27</u>	is/are rejected.	
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>15</u> is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exa	minar	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		buth- C
Applicant may not request that any objection to	o the drawing(s) be neld in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the continuous The oath or declaration is objected to by the	onection is required if the attached	d Office Action or form DTO 450
	ie Examiner. Note the attachet	d Office Action of form P10-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	reign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority docur		
2. Certified copies of the priority docur		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		received in this National Stage
application from the International Bu		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	a list of the certified copies not	received.
ttachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) [] take 1	(070 440)
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) 🔲 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	3) Paper No(s	S)/Mail Date.
<ul> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SI Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election

Applicant's election with traverse of claims 1, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 20 and 23-27; Figures 1, 3 and 10) in the reply filed on 4/23/04 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that the different groups of claims must be listed and explained why each group lacks unity with each other group; defining the species by figure numbers is improper under PCT Rule 13.1; since a generic claim is present there must be unity of invention according to the definition of unity of invention; and, a generic claim indicates that the claims are linked so as to form a single generally inventive concept. This is not found persuasive because this is not a restriction but rather an election of species. Groups are associated with restriction (lack of unity between groups or inventions). For instance, a group directed to a fastener and a second group directed to a method of joining sheets with the same fastener is referred to 1893.03(d). Thus, under lack of unity, the fastener and the method are not restricted as the fastener is the common or corresponding special technical feature. Moreover, this national stage application contains no groups. The technical features that each species is lacking were described in the election of species. The key element is the "special technical features" meaning those technical features that define a contribution which each of the inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art. Since the prior art was laid down on

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the parent case, and the independent claims do not avoid the prior art, lack of unity arises in respect of any claims that depend on the independent claims (see Annex B).

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 2-4, 6-8, 11, 13, 16, 18, 19, 21 and 22 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on 4/23/04. Claim 8 is withdrawn as it depends from claim 7, which is not readable on the elected species.

## Specification

The filing date of the parent case 09/700,598 as indicated in the specification is incorrect. The filing date of application, 09/700,598, is January 8, 2001.

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: "the sliding ring having a sliding face facing the joint ball arranged adjacent to the ball race" as described in lines 9-10 of claim 1.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 20, 23 and 24-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Regarding claim 1, this claim states "the sliding ring being slidingly mounted" in lines 8-9. At the time the invention was filed, the specification recites that the sliding ring is slidingly inserted into the ball race (page 3, lines 9-10 of specification) or slidingly received in the ball race (page 3, lines 12-13 of specification). The specification never mentioned that the sliding ring is "slidingly mounted" in the ball race.

Regarding claims 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 20 and 23, these claims directly or indirectly depend from claim 1 and therefore contain new subject matter.

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Regarding claim 24, this claim states "the sliding ring being slidingly connected to the ball race" in line 8. At the time the invention was filed, the specification recites that the sliding ring is slidingly inserted into the ball race (page 3, lines 9-10 of specification) or slidingly received in the ball race (page 3, lines 12-13 of specification). The specification never mentioned that the sliding ring is slidingly connected in the ball race.

Regarding claim 25, this claim states "the sliding ring being slidingly arranged in the race" in lines 8-9. At the time the invention was filed, the specification recites that the sliding ring is slidingly inserted into the ball race (page 3, lines 9-10 of specification) or slidingly received in the ball race (page 3, lines 12-13 of specification). The specification never mentioned that the sliding ring is "slidingly arranged" in the ball race.

Regarding claim 26, nowhere does the specification indicate "the sliding face of the sliding ring sliding around the race". The terms "sliding around" are nowhere to be found in the original specification. Therefore, claim 26 contains new subject matter not originally specified.

Regarding claim 27, nowhere does the specification indicate "the sliding ring is rotatable around the race and the ball pivot". The terms "able to rotate around", "rotatable", or "slides around" are nowhere to be found in the original specification.

Therefore, claim 27 contains new subject matter not originally specified.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5, 9, 10, 14, 17, 20 and 24-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gardner, 2,197,037 (see marked-up attachment).

Regarding claim 1, Gardner discloses, in Figure 2, a ball-and-socket joint comprising a housing 10, a bearing shell 14, a ball pivot 12, a sealing bellows 19, a ball race 26, and a sliding ring 27. The bearing shell 14 is inserted into the housing 10. The ball pivot 12 with a joint ball 13 is pivotally mounted in all directions in the bearing shell 14. The sealing bellows 19 is between the housing 10 and the ball pivot 12. The sealing bellows 19 has a pivot-side edge area 20. The ball race 26 is fixed on the ball pivot 12. The sliding ring 27 receives the pivot-side edge area 20 of the sealing bellows 19. The sliding ring 27 is slidingly mounted in the ball race 26 and has a sliding face A9 facing the joint ball 13 arranged adjacent to the ball race 26.

Regarding claim 5, the sliding ring **27** includes an axial extension **A10** and a radial extension **30**.

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Regarding claim 9, the ball race **26** has an approximately U-shaped cross section.

Regarding claim 10, the sealing bellows **19** has a surface slidingly in contact with a surface of the ball race **26**.

Regarding claim 14, the sliding ring 27 is a shaped sheet metal part or a plastic molding. The sliding ring 27 receives and holds a portion of the sealing bellows 19 between the axial extension A10 and the radial extension 30. The radial extension 30 and the radial extension 30 are substantially perpendicular to each other. The ball race 26 is fixed to the ball pivot 12.

Regarding claim 17, Gardner suggests, in Figure 5, the pivot-side edge area of the sealing bellows 19 forms a thickened material bead 47 pressed against the ball race 26 or the sliding ring 27 with an elastic pretension.

Regarding claim 20, the sliding ring **27** has an approximately L-shaped cross section.

Regarding claim 24, Gardner discloses, in Figure 2, a ball-and-socket joint sealing connection comprising a housing 10, a ball pivot 12 with a joint ball 13, a sealing

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bellows 19, a ball race 26, and a sliding ring 27. The sealing bellows 19 is connected between the housing 10 and the ball pivot 12. The sealing bellows 19 has a pivot-side edge area 20. The ball race 26 is fixed on the ball pivot 12. The sliding ring 27 receives the pivot-side edge area 20 of the sealing bellows 19. The sliding ring 27 includes an axial extension A10 and a radial extension 30. The sliding ring 27 is slidingly connected to the ball race 26 and the sliding ring 27 has a sliding face A9 facing the joint ball 13 arranged adjacent to the ball race 26.

Regarding claim 25, Gardner discloses, in Figure 2, a ball-and-socket joint comprising a housing 10, a bearing shell 14, a ball pivot 12, a sealing bellows 19, a race 26 and a sliding ring 27. The bearing shell 14 is arranged in the housing 10. The ball pivot 12, with a joint ball 13, is mounted pivotally in the bearing shell 14. The sealing bellows 19 is arranged between the housing 10 and the ball pivot 12. The sealing bellows 19 includes a pivot-side edge area 20. The ball race 26 is fixed on the ball pivot 12. The sliding ring 27 receives the pivot-side edge area 20 of the sealing bellows 19. The sliding ring 27 is slidingly arranged in the ball race 26.

Regarding claim 26, the sliding ring 27 has a sliding face A9 facing the joint ball 13 and the sliding ring 27 is arranged adjacent to the ball race 26. The sliding face A9 of the sliding ring 27 sliding --able to slide-- around the race 26.

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Regarding claim 27, the sliding ring 27 is able to rotate (rotatable) around the race 26 and the ball pivot 12. There is no indication of the sliding ring 27 being permanently fixed to the ball race 26.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gardner, 2,197,037, in view of Japanese patent, JP-9-250637.

Regarding claim 12, Gardner, as discussed above, fails to disclose the surface of the sealing bellows 19 forming a labyrinth seal together with the surface of the ball race 26. The Japanese patent teaches, in Figure 5, a surface of a sealing bellows 4, which is in contact with a surface of a ball race 9, forms a labyrinth seal (3a or 11) together with the surface of the ball race 9 to prevent debris entering a ball-and-socket joint. Therefore, as taught by the Japanese patent, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the surface of the

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sealing bellows forming a labyrinth seal together with the surface of the ball race to

prevent debris entering the ball-and-socket joint.

Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gardner,

2,197,037, in view of Unterstrasser, 4,305,596.

Regarding claim 23, Gardner, as discussed above, fails to disclose the sliding

ring 27 being vulcanized directly to the pivot-side edge area 20 of the sealing bellows

19. Unterstrasser teaches, in Figure 2, a sliding ring 40 vulcanized directly to a pivot-

side edge area 52 of a sealing bellows 50 to make a connection between the bellows

and the ring (col. 3, lines 5-7). Therefore, as taught by Unterstrasser, it would have

been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

vulcanize the sliding ring directly to the pivot-side edge are of the sealing bellows to

make a connection.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 15 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but

would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the

base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

regarding claim 15, the prior art of record does not disclose or suggest a leg of a ball race, which is contact with a sliding ring, having lugs arranged at spaced locations from one another.

#### Conclusion

The following prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Japanese patent, JP2-199317, and Zeigler, 3,391,952 show a similar ball-and-socket joint.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ernesto Garcia whose telephone number is 703-308-8606. The examiner can normally be reached from 9:30-6:00. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9326 for regular communications and 703-872-9327 for After Final communications.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on 703-308-2686. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

E.G.

July 9, 2004

Attachments: one marked-up copy of Gardner, 2,197,037.

DANIEL P. STODOLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600 Art Unit: 3679

2,197,037 (Gardner)

